



Speakers

Legal Fellow ChangeLab Solutions



Chief

California Tobacco Control Program California Department of Public Health

Speakers



Erin Reynoso Statewide Director, Patient Advocacy & Grassroots Organizing American Lung Association in California, Center for Tobacco Policy & Organizing



Ray Leung Senior Staff Attorney ChangeLab Solutions

Disclaimer The information provided in this discussion is for informational purposes only, and does not constitute legal advice. ChangeLab Solutions does not enter into attorney-client relationships. ChangeLab Solutions is a non-partisan, nonprofit organization that educates and informs the public through objective, non-partisan aparysis, study, prod/or research. The primary purpose of this ascussion is to address legal and/or policy options to improve public health. There is no intent to reflect a view on specific legislation.

@ 2016 ChangeLab Solutions



Our mission: Healthy communities for all through better laws & policies

Agenda • Overview of New Tobacco Laws • Effect on Local Tobacco Control Efforts • Implementation • Organizing Strategies • Q&A





















4







Tobacco 21

Military Exemption

Minimum legal age for sales to active duty military remains 18 years old.

Youth Possession





BOE License: Before

- One time \$100 registration fee
- No annual renewal fee
- Traditional tobacco products only

Manihora	\sim
5503- C F5583-	
Special Blend To SS D3	
161 725 5503 -	BOE Lice
	Chang
IT LASTS LOW DER	• \$265 annual licer
	Covers <u>all</u> tobacc
	Currently licensed retailers do not ne additional license
Photo credit ChangeLab Solutions	



ges

d tobacco leed



Deeming Rule Requirements





Should Communities Continue Adopting Local Tobacco Laws?

Yes!

Should Communities Continue Adopting Local Tobacco Laws?

Amendments required if the local law:

- References a static age (e.g. 18) as opposed to the minimum age set by state law.
- Does not include electronic smoking devices.

What are the key takeaways for Local Tobacco Control Efforts?

- <u>No</u> changes in local legal authority
- Deeming Rule does *not* affect local efforts

What are the key takeaways for Local Tobacco Control Efforts?

- <u>No</u> changes in local legal authority
- Deeming Rule does <u>not</u> affect local efforts
- Local Tobacco Retail Licensing:
 - Can enforce statewide laws
 - Do <u>not</u> automatically include electronic smoking devices

What are the key takeaways for **Local Tobacco Control Efforts?**

- <u>No</u> changes in local legal authority
- Deeming Rule does *not* affect local efforts
- Local Tobacco Retail Licensing:
 - Can enforce statewide laws
 - Do <u>not</u> automatically include electronic smoking devices
- Key Takeaway? Keep pushing ahead!

New California Tobacco Sales Laws Implementation and Outreach

Tonia Hagaman, MPH, Chief Community and Statewide Interventions California Tobacco Control Program





Tobacco 21 Implementation Materials

- * Retailer Mailing
- Online Resources for Download
 Webpage:
 - http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/tobacco/Pages/Tobacco21.aspx
- * How to Comply Tips for Retailers
- * Frequently Asked Questions #1
- Frequently Asked Questions #2 (in approval)
 Notice to Employees
- Notice to EmployeesMaterials provided in mailing













Ν

Media



Tobacco 21 – Can I Go Farther?

- * No sales to under 21, exemption for active duty military
- * Preemption ambiguity
- * Local Projects will not receive Prop. 99 funds to work on these issues



State and Local Youth Purchase Surveys * State Surveys * 2 surveys – youth and young adult * Local Surveys * Contact your Program Consultant to discuss * Updated protocol in development



Board of Equalization

BOE September and November Mailings
 To Retailers, Vape Shops, Marijuana Dispensaries

- Where Local TRLs May Prevent Use of State License
 If BOE issued a state license in cases where a local license cannot be issued, they are willing to discuss case by case
 - * Retailer needs to call the BOE Helpline

State and Local Licensing

- * Inform Retailers About Local Restrictions
- * BOE Posting Information
- * BOE Helpline at 1-800-400-7115
- * Case-by-case review by BOE















Response:

•

- New law still does not do much to reduce illegal tobacco sales to minors. The new fees collected as part of the license
- deals primarily with tax evasion and smuggling and will not result in additional enforcement.
- enforcement. The penalties for violating the statewide license are so weak that retailers are at little risk of losing their licenses if they violate the law. Local tobacco retailer licensing is essential if our community wants to address the issue of underage tobacco sales, and the statewide licensing law does not preempt these local ordinances ordinances.

Come January, retailers will be faced with a major increase in the statewide licensing fee. We can't put another fee on top of that.

Response:

- According to the National Association for Convenience and Petroleum Retailing (NACS), cigarettes are the top selling product inside stored and account for average sales of \$622,248. Additional fees that are used to ensure youth
 - Additional fees that are used to ensure yout are not accessing tobacco will not harm them. Furthermore, the amount of the tobacco retailer license fee is limited by the costs of administering and enforcing the license provisions. Such licenses and fees are commonly
 - applied to specific businesses which sell potentially dangerous products.

Licensing stores that sell cigarettes isn't going to make a bit of difference in reducing youth smoking.

Response:

- While a recently adopted law has raised the purchase age of tobacco to 21 it will not address all the ways youth are able to access tobacco.
- .
- address all the ways youth are able to access tobacco. Illegal sales to minors are a public health concern and tobacco retailers need to be part of the solution. That can only happen through strong local licensing laws. Local TRL can go further than state licensing via "plug-in" policies that can prohibit tobacco retailers near schools, limit number of retailers, etc.



The state now has added e-cigs to their definition of tobacco, so we do not need to pass local policy defining e-cigs as tobacco.

Response:



- Local licensing laws still need to specifically include electronic cigarettes. Otherwise, local policies that go above and beyond the state regulations will not automatically include electronic cigarettes. The best way for local communities to reduce underage purchases of electronic cigarette products is to specifically include these products in their local retail licensing ordinances.





DD2 People might also ask how to frame the questions they're getting that are similar to this only "The state now has added e-cigs to their definition of tobacco, so we do not need to pass local policy defining e-cigs as tobacco."

If you get that question or want to talk about it, I think it's important to emphasize that in order for communities to be empowered to go further than state laws (so for example, limiting tobacco retailers near schools) they still should pursue adding e-cigs to their definition of tobacco/smoking if they haven't already. The state's definition of e-cigs as tobacco only applies to the state-level laws. Local communities that have worked hard to go a step further than the state need to specifically include e-cigs if they want their laws to apply to them.

Diana Douglas, 8/9/2016



























DC13 Livia: can you change this to include all the proper logos? Derek Carr, 8/1/2016