



Q&A

TRL Plug-Ins: Requirements and Prohibitions

WHAT other conditions must be met



Violating state laws prohibiting sales of drug paraphernalia



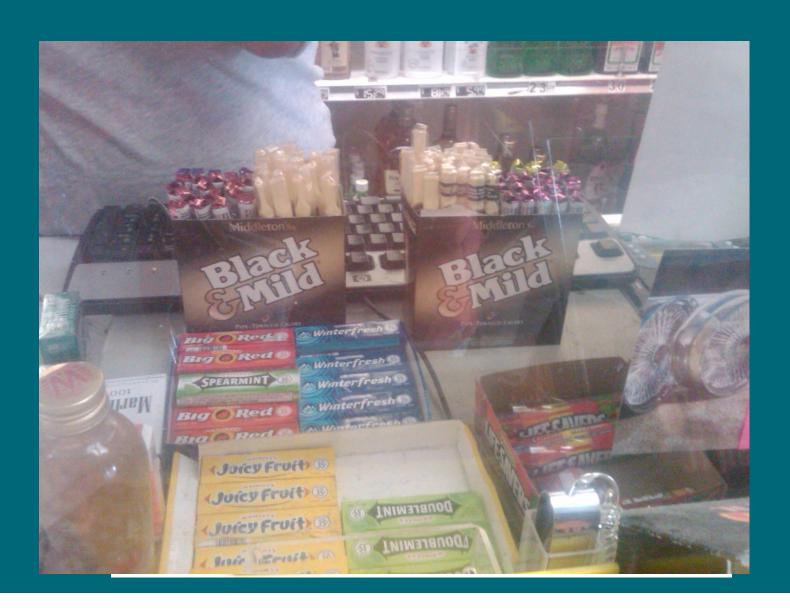


Legal

Illegal









Legal

Illegal

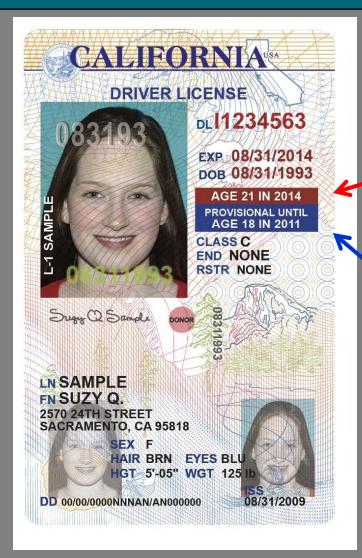


Violating storefront sign laws





Violating nontobacco age-of-purchase laws is license violation



The red strip tells you when they will be 21

The blue strip tells you when they will be 18

Prohibit sale of tobacco look-alike products



Licensing Ordinance Checklist

Your community has a range of policy choices to consider when designing a local tobacco retailer licensing ordinance. The options below are included in TALC's Model California Ordinance Requiring a Tobacco Retailer License and accompanying "plug-ins," all of which are available at www.phlpnet.org/tobacco-control. The provisions that TALC and The Center consider essential already include a check mark. Contact TALC for help drafting an ordinance based on your community's choices.

POLICY OPTIONS IN MODEL ORDINANCE

WHO MUST OBTAIN LICENSE

- All tobacco product retailers must obtain a nontransferable license
- □ Define "tobacco product" to include all nicotine and nontraditional tobacco products (e.g., nicotine gel, snus)
 □ Retailers of "tobacco paraphernalia" (e.g., rolling papers,
- pipes) must also obtain license

 ☐ No license may be issued to mobile vendors

ENFORCEMENT OF LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

REQUIREMENTS AND PROHIBITIONS FOR LICENSES

- Pay an annual licensing fee that fully covers all program costs, including administration and enforcement
- ☑ Violating any tobacco law is also a violation of the license
- Require license be displayed in a prominent location
- \square Require clerks to check ID if purchaser appears under age 27
- ☐ Prohibit all self-service displays (e.g., bar vending machines)
- ☐ Clerks selling tobacco must be old enough to purchase tobacco under state law (e.g., 18 years old)

"PLUG-IN" POLICY PROVISIONS

LIMITATIONS ON LICENSE ISSUANCE

- ☐ No license for a new significant tobacco retailer (e.g., a "mostly tobacco" store)
- ☐ No license for a restaurant or a bar
- Only businesses that sell alcohol for off-site consumption may obtain license
- No license for a business that allows smoking anywhere on the premises (e.g., no hookah bars)
- ☐ No license for addresses zoned residential
- ☐ No licenses near schools and youth-populated areas
- ☐ Available licenses limited by population and density

ENFORCEMENT

- \square Allow the retailer to pay a fine in lieu of license revocation
- Allow private citizens to get an injunction in addition to enforcement by the city or county
- ☐ Allow private citizens and local governments to sue a retailer in small claims court and win a modest fine (e.g., \$500)

ADDITIONAL RETAILER REQUIREMENTS AND PROHIBITIONS

- ☐ Violating storefront sign laws is a license violation
- ☐ Violating nontobacco age-of-purchase laws is a license violation (e.g., selling alcohol to a minor)
- ☐ Violating state laws prohibiting sales of drug paraphernalia is a license violation
- ☐ Tobacco look-alike products may not be sold by any person
- Retailers may not distribute free tobacco products ("sampling")



Model California Ordinance Requiring a Tobacco Retailer License

Plug-in: Penalties for Violation of State Drug Paraphernalia Laws

June 2008

This supplemental policy provision is intended to be incorporated into TALC's Model California Ordinance Requiring a Tobacco Retailer License. It cannot be adopted independently.

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